



MINISTÉRIO DA CIÊNCIA E TECNOLOGIA
INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE PESQUISAS ESPACIAIS

SOUTH AMERICAN BIOMASS BURNING ANALYSIS: Brazilian perspectives

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Ricardo Siqueira, Madeleine Sanchez,
Fernando Cavalcante, Megan Bela, Márcia Yamosoe, Alexandre Correa

<http://meioambiente.cptec.inpe.br>

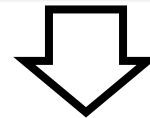


Ministério da
Ciência, Tecnologia
e Inovação

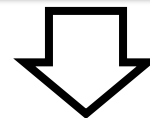


Main goals

Improve our understanding of the impact of biomass burning on the chemical composition of the atmosphere (aerosols/gases), cloud formation and the energy balance of the atmosphere;



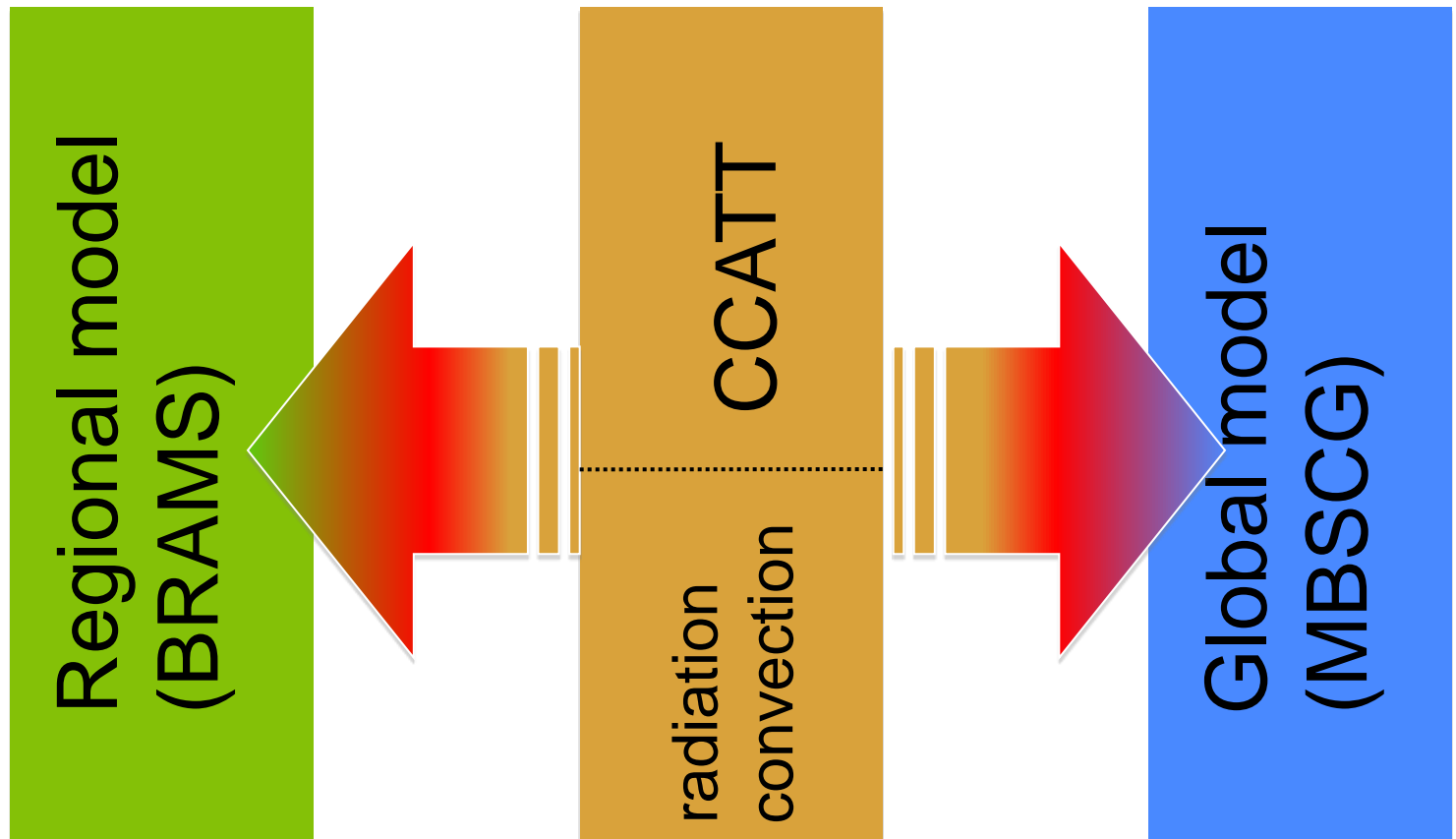
Development and evaluation of INPE's atmospheric chemistry transport models suitable for local, regional and global scales: **CCATT-BRAMS & MBSCG**



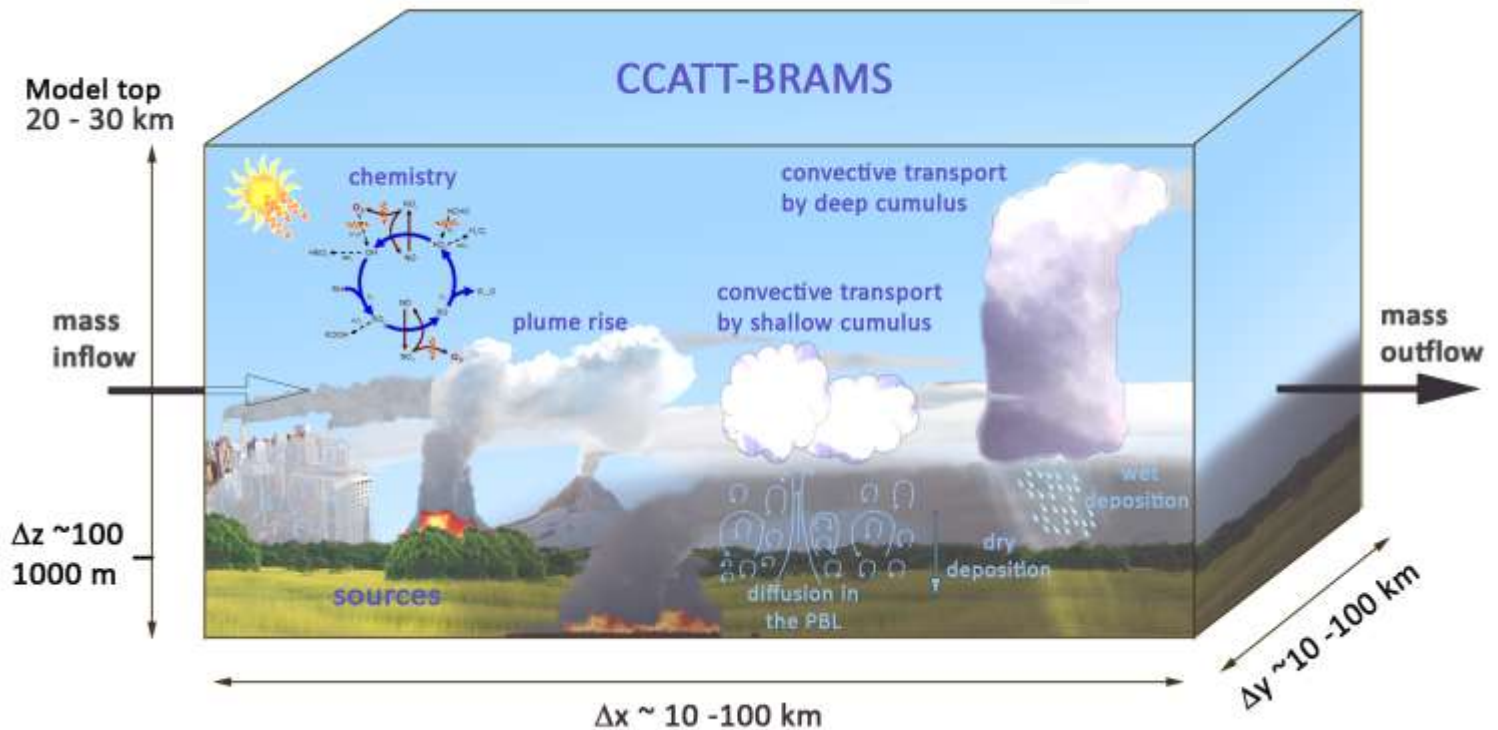
Assess the impact of burning emissions on air quality, weather and climate;



Common chemistry module for both regional (CCAAT-BRAMS) and global (MBSCG) models



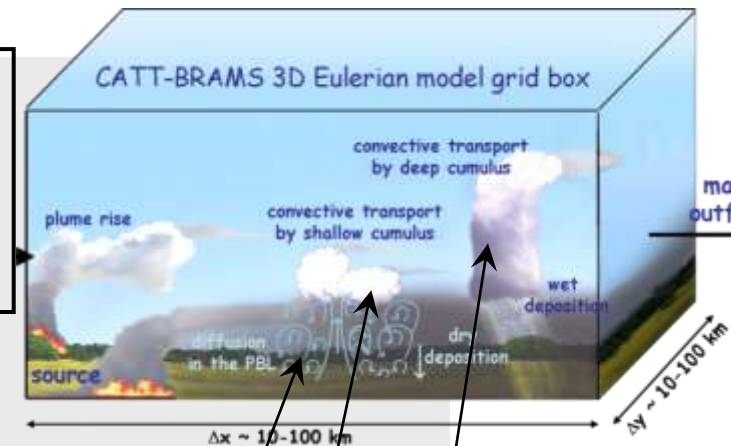
Numerical Developments



Coupled Chemistry-Aerosol-Tracer Transport
model to the Brazilian developments on the RAMS:
CCATT-BRAMS

Mass Continuity Equation solved by CCATT-BRAMS

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial t}}_{\text{mixing ratio tendency}} + \underbrace{\bar{u}_i \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial x_i}}_{\text{grid-scale advection term}} = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0} \left(\frac{\partial \rho_0 \overline{u'_i s'}}{\partial x_i} \right)}_{\text{sub-grid transport by the un-resolved flow}} + \underbrace{\bar{Q}_s}_{\text{forcing}}$$

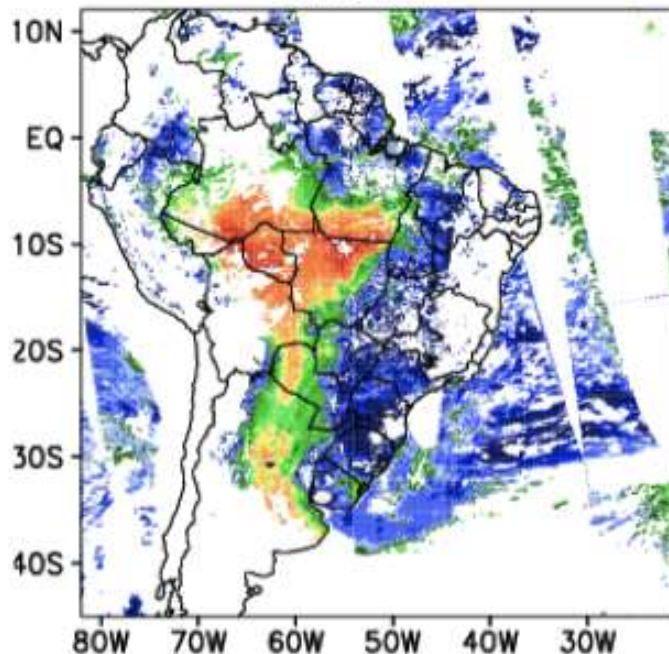


Parameterizations for sub-grid scale transports
(K-theory for diffusion, mass flux for organized convection)

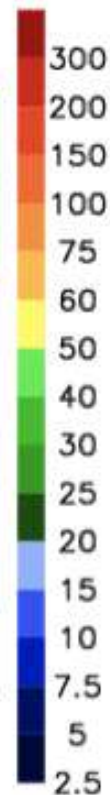
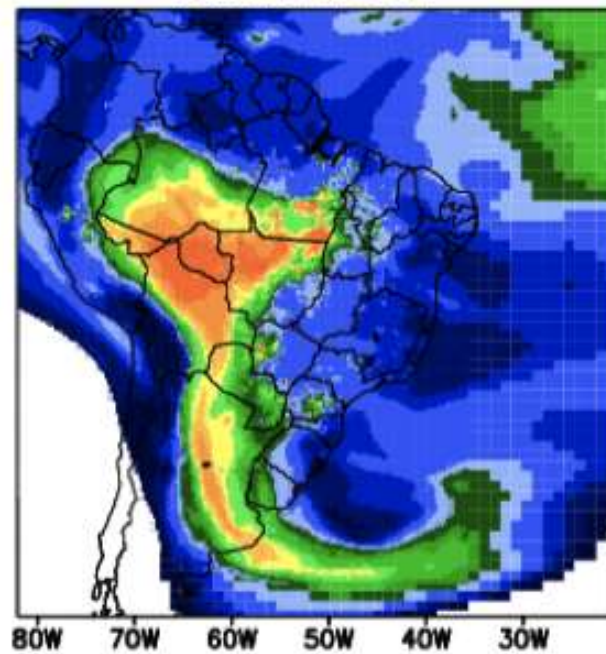
$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0} \left(\frac{\partial \rho_0 \overline{u'_i s'}}{\partial x_i} \right)}_{\text{sub-grid scale transport by the un-resolved flows}} = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial t} \right)_{PBL_{turb}} = -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \sum_i \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (\rho_0 K_{h_i} \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial x_i}) \\ \left(\frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial t} \right)_{shallow_{conv}} = \frac{m_{u,b}}{\rho_0} \left[\delta_u \eta_u (s_u - \bar{s}) + \eta_e \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial z} \right] \\ \left(\frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial t} \right)_{deep_{conv}} = \frac{m_{u,b}}{\rho_0} \left[\delta_u \eta_u (s_u - \bar{s}) + \delta_d \epsilon \eta_d (s_d - \bar{s}) + \eta_e \frac{\partial \bar{s}}{\partial z} \right] \end{cases}$$

MODIS x model

(A) MODIS aer. column (mg/m^2)
27082002

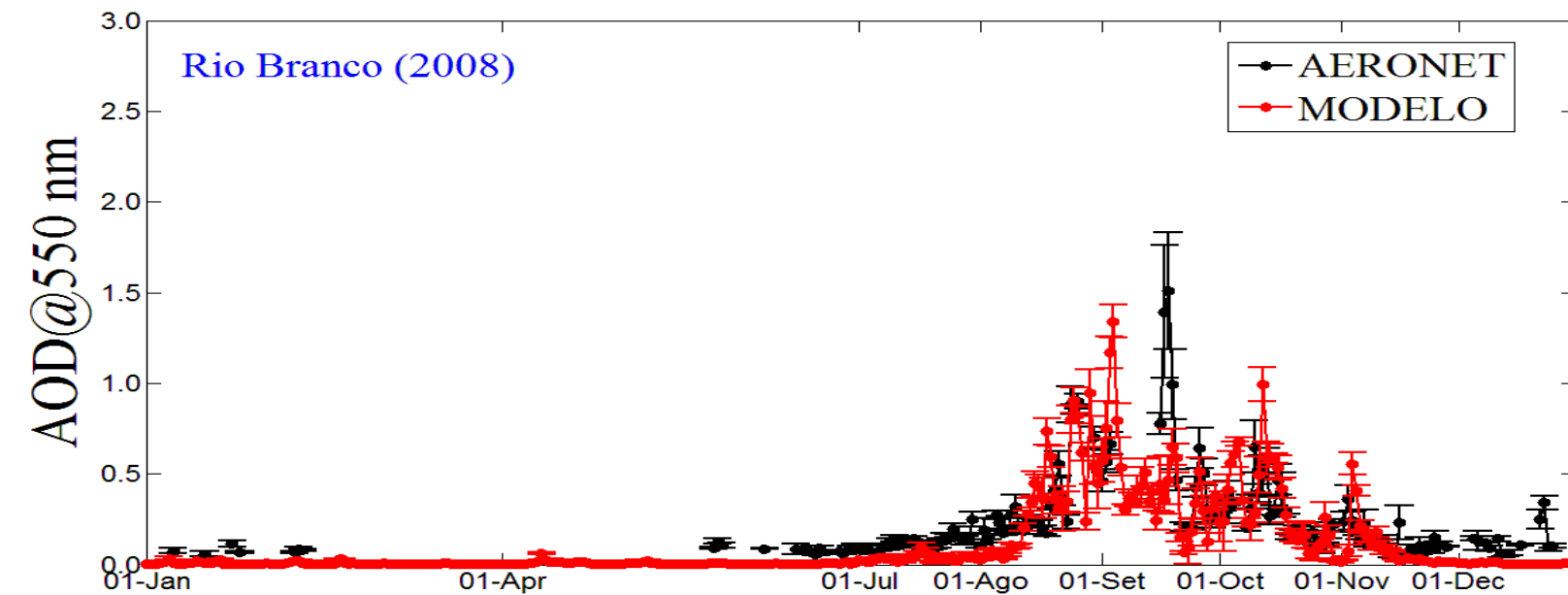
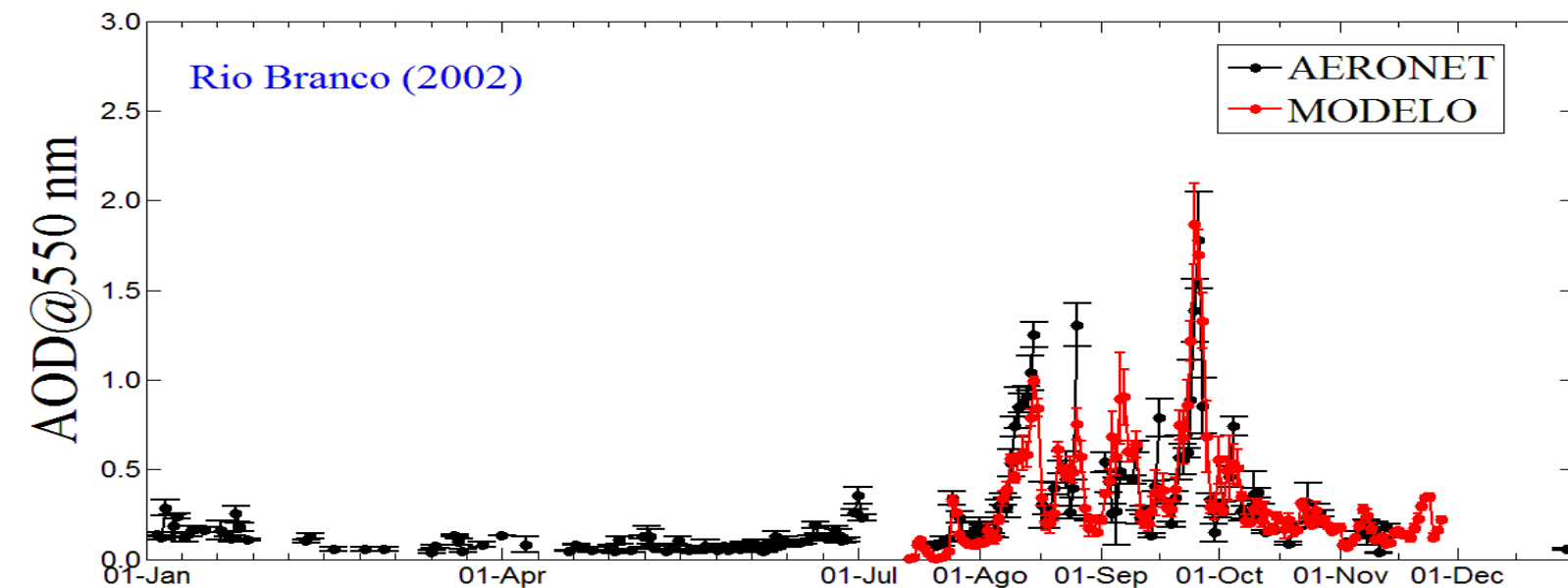


(B) Model aer. column (mg/m^2)
1800Z27082002

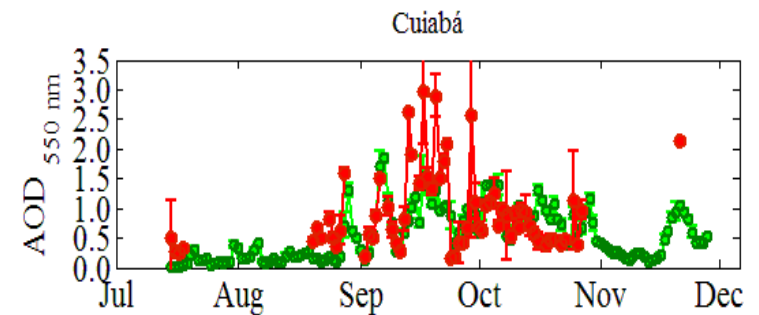
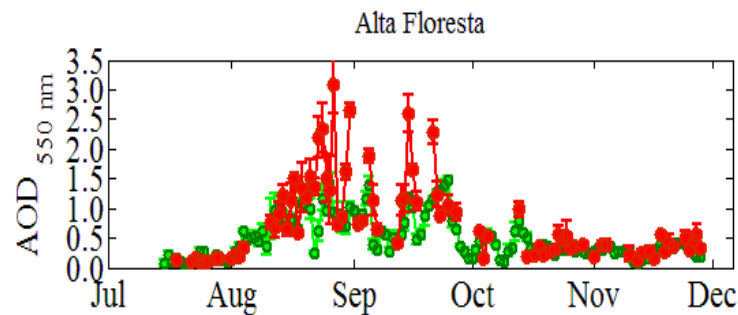
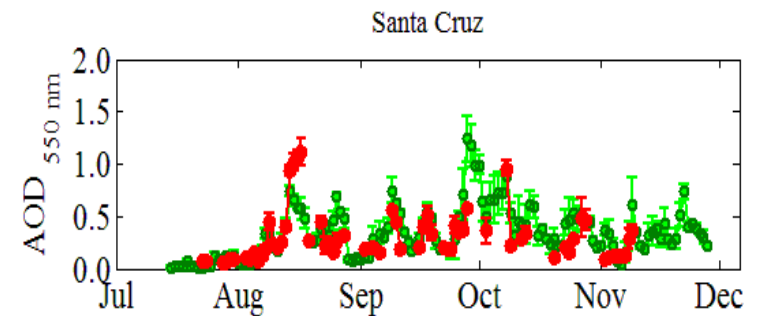
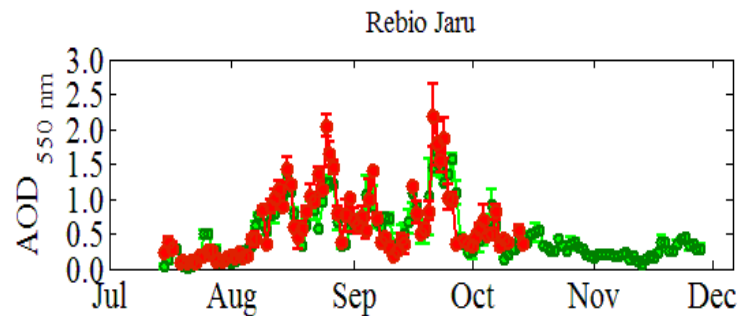
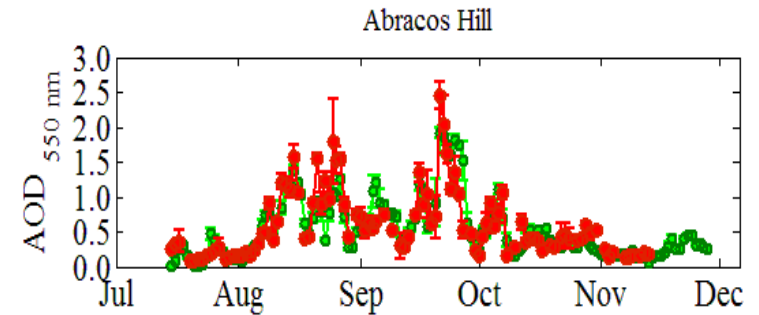
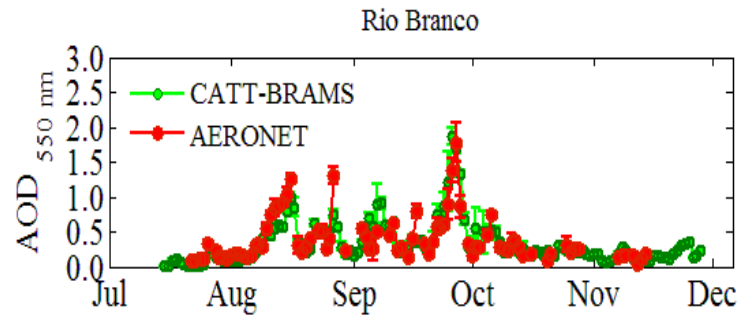




AERONET x model



Aerosol optical thickness validation (model x AERONET)

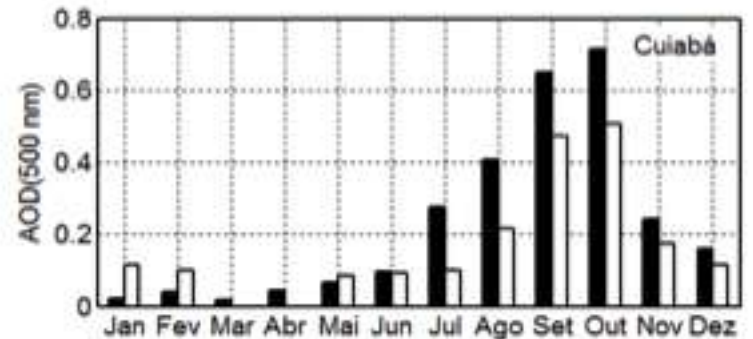
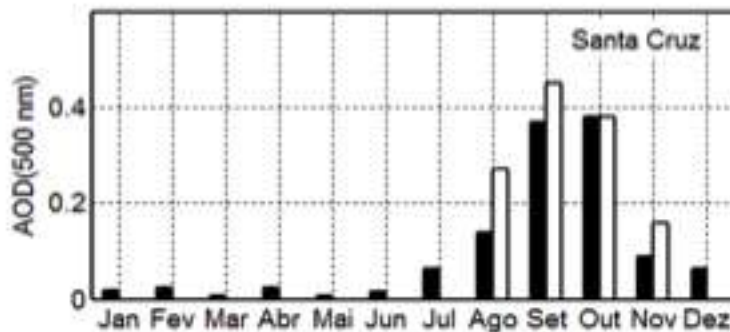
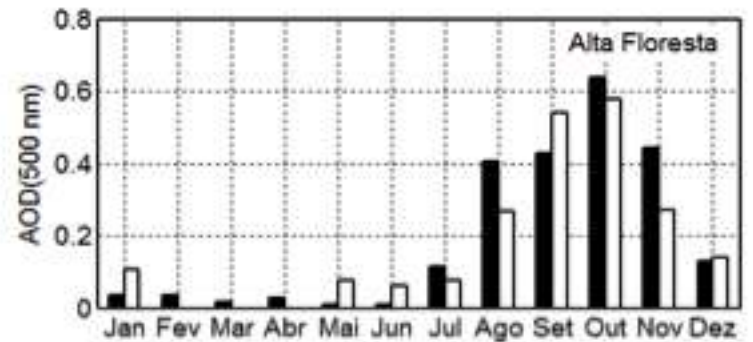
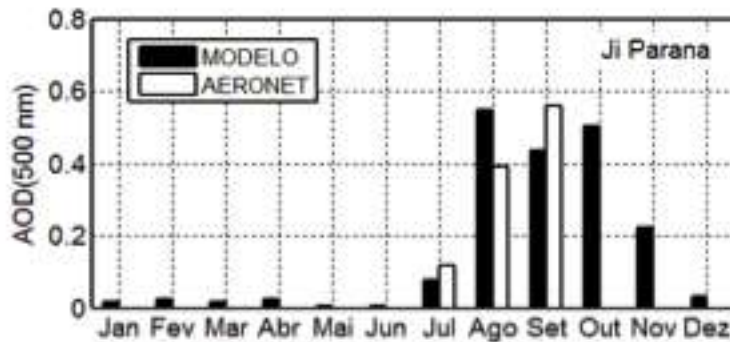
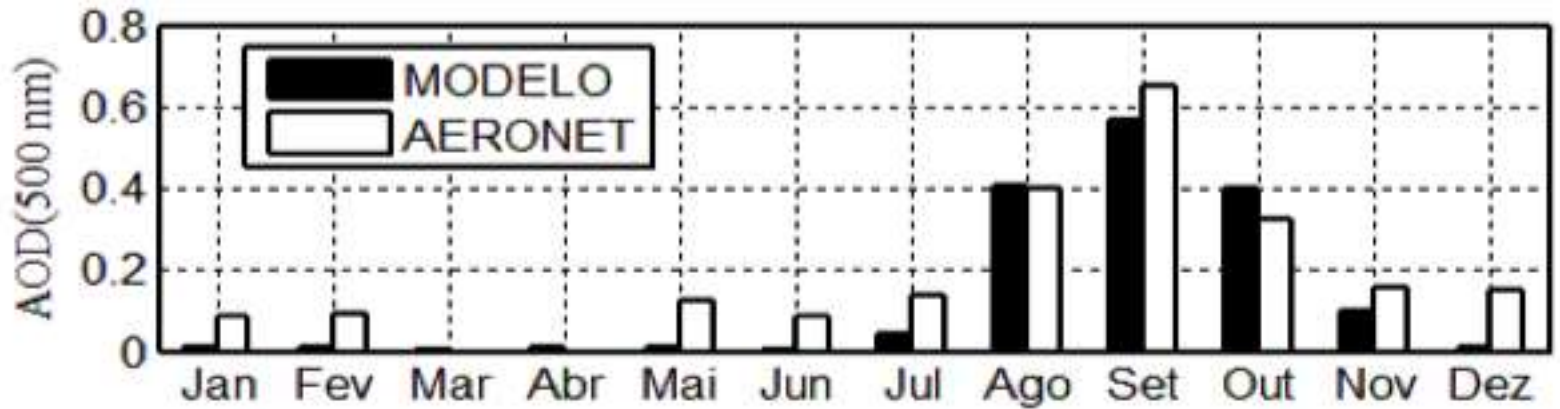


PhD thesis: Rosário, N. E. , USP), 2011.



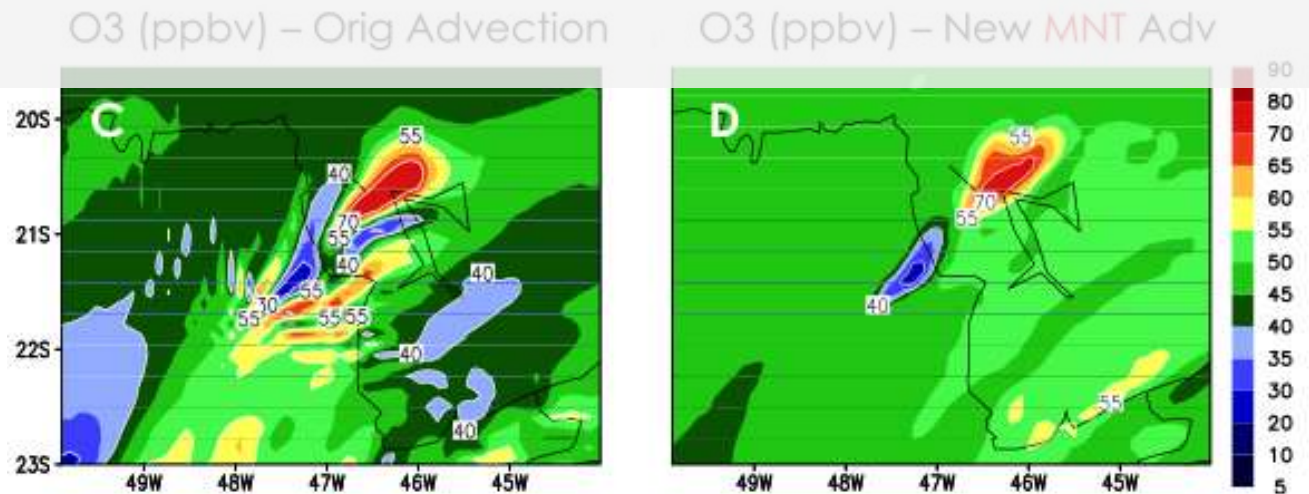
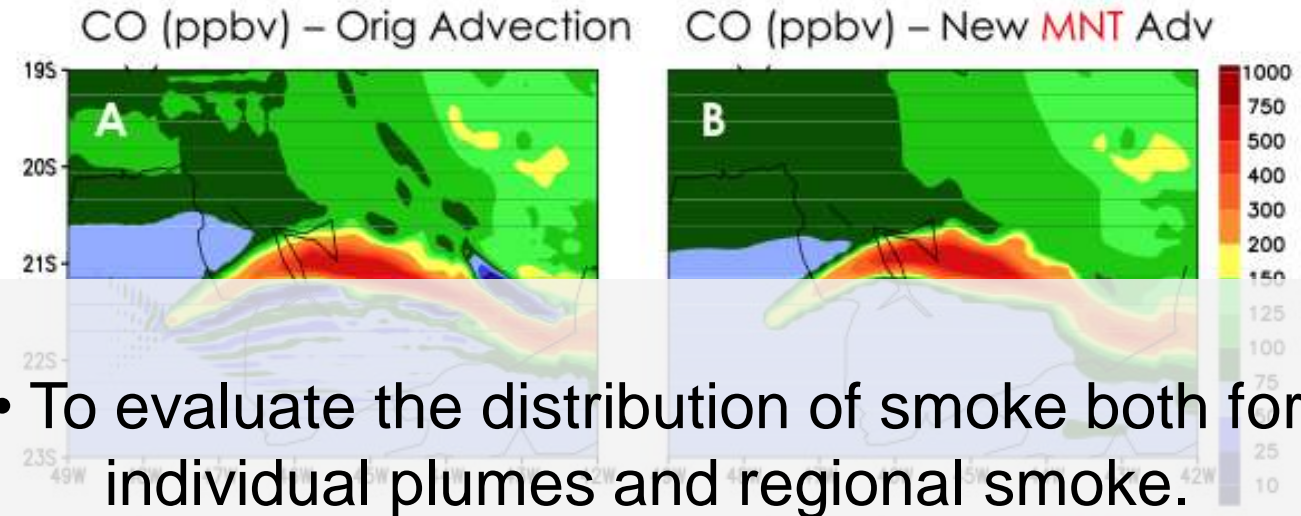


AERONET x model (2008)



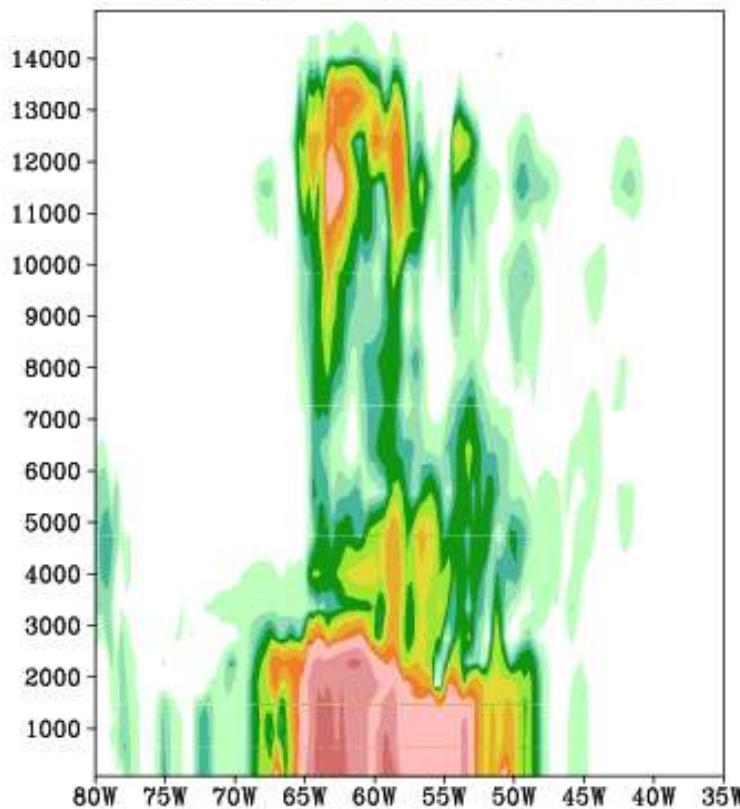
New advection scheme

Biomass burning plume of carbon monoxide (ppbv)



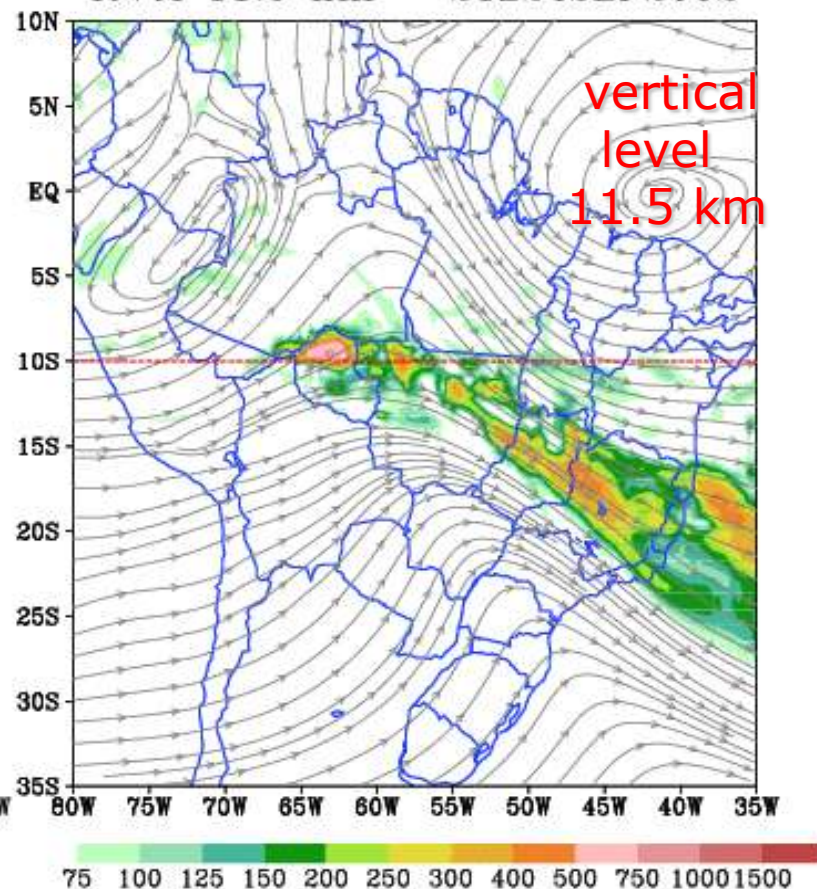
Deep Convective Transport of CO: 21Z 24 Sep 2002 - simulation with CCATT-BRAMS model

(a) Carbon Monoxide (ppb)
Lat 10S - 21Z24SEP2002



Vertical section at lat 10S

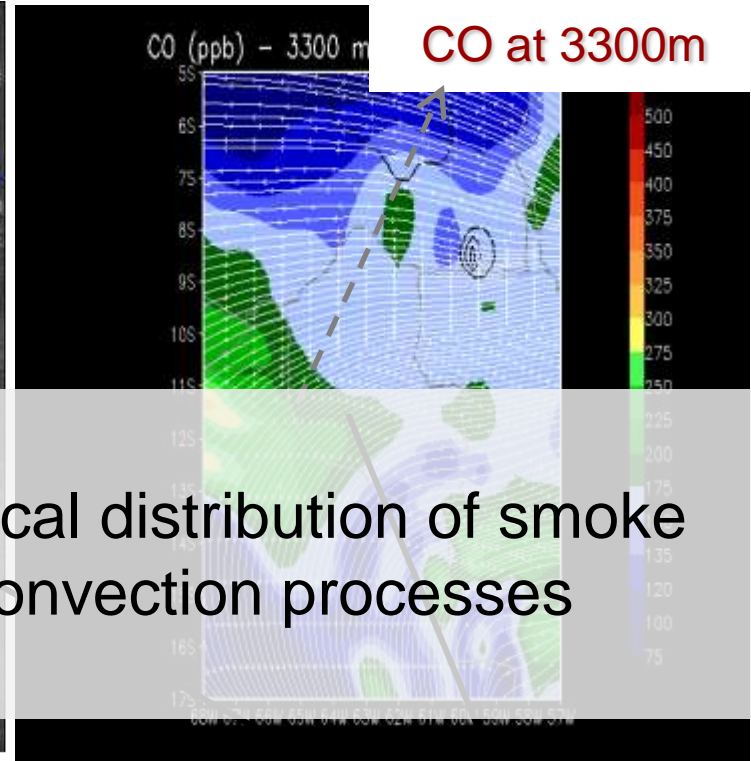
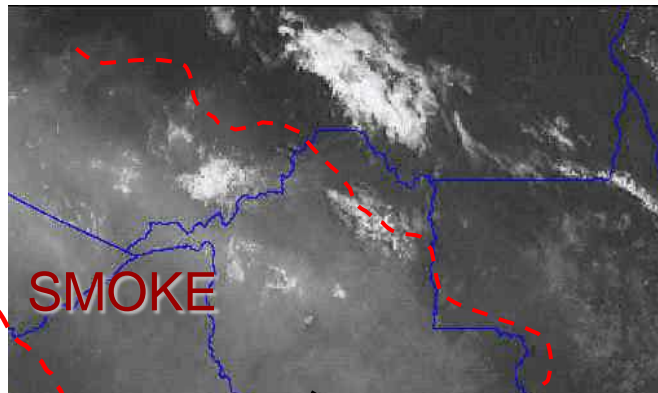
(b) Carbon Monoxide (ppb)
level 11.5 km - 21Z24SEP2002



CO (ppb)

Shallow convective transport

Model simulation for 14-17Z03092003

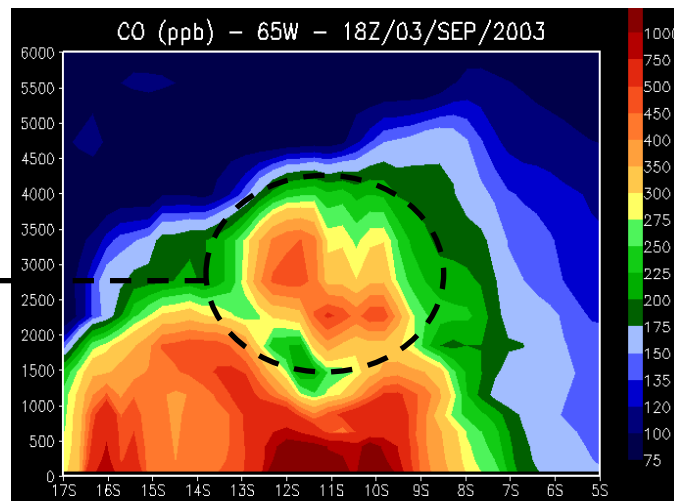


- To evaluate the vertical distribution of smoke associated with convection processes

GOES12 VIS 030903 1345Z
Lab.Master/DCA/LAG/USP

Low troposphere
CO

PBL

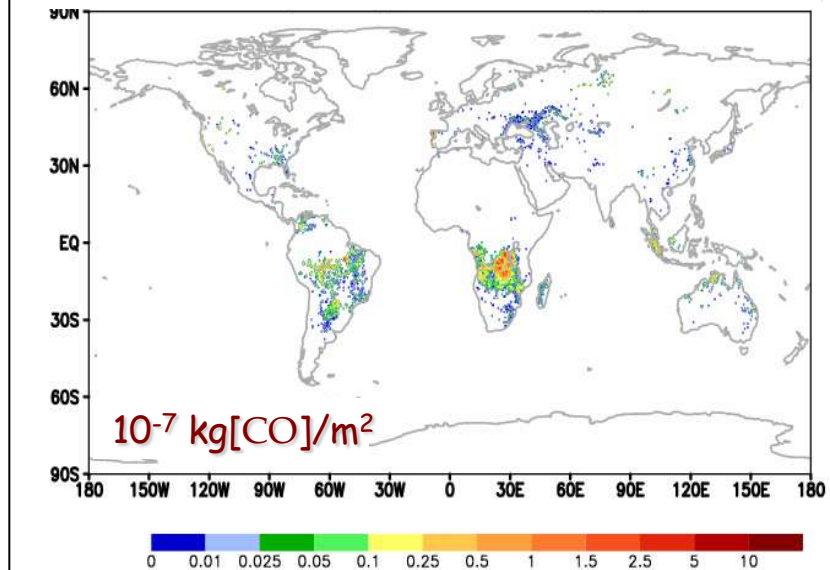


shallow
cumulus

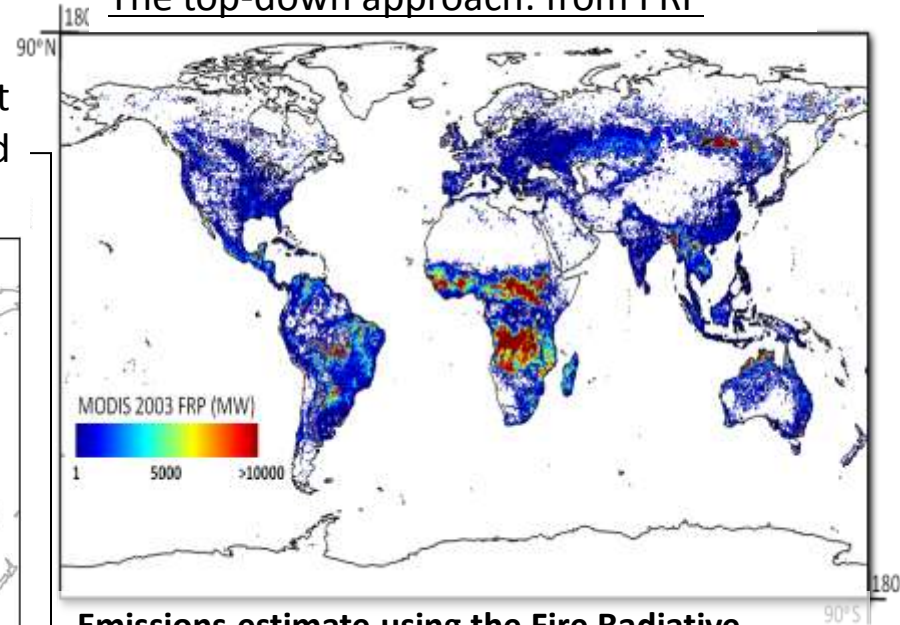
Biomass Burning Emissions Estimation

Brazilian Biomass Burning Emission Model (3BEM): 2 approaches

The bottom-up approach: fire size/burnt area, carbon density, emission and combustion factors.



The top-down approach: from FRP

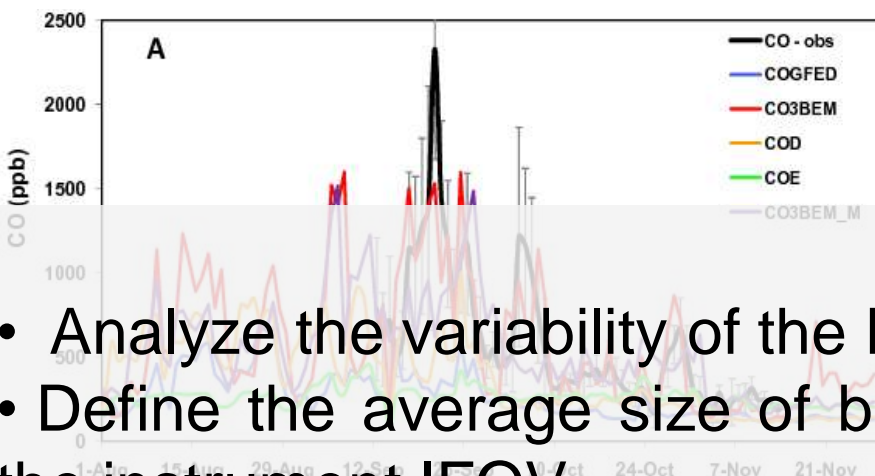


Emissions estimate using the Fire Radiative Energy (FRP) from MODIS, GOES and SEVIRI sensors.

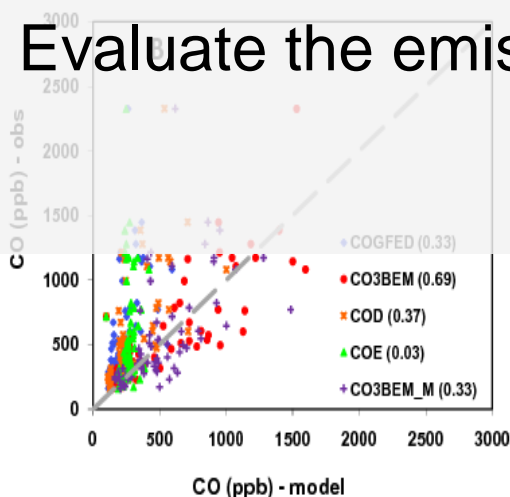
Intercomparison between 4 biomass burning inventories

EDGAR, GFEDv2, D2003, 3BEM

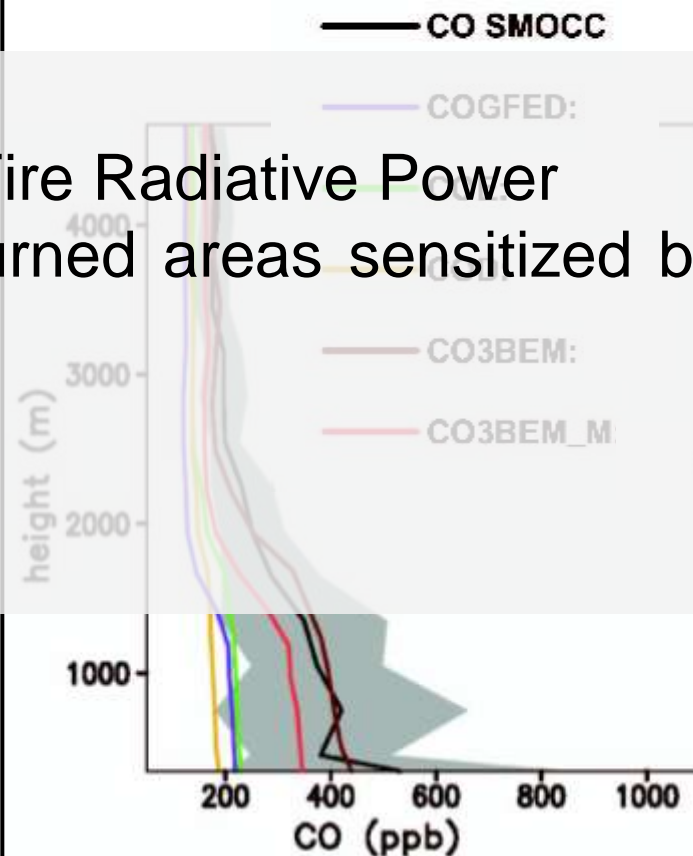
Model evaluation with SMOCC/RaCCI 2002 using near surface measurements



- Analyze the variability of the Fire Radiative Power
- Define the average size of burned areas sensitized by the instrument IFOV.
- Evaluate the emissions



Model evaluation with SMOCC/RaCCI 2002 with airborne measurements (CO)



Including plume rise sub-grid scale transport
through the "super-parameterization" concept



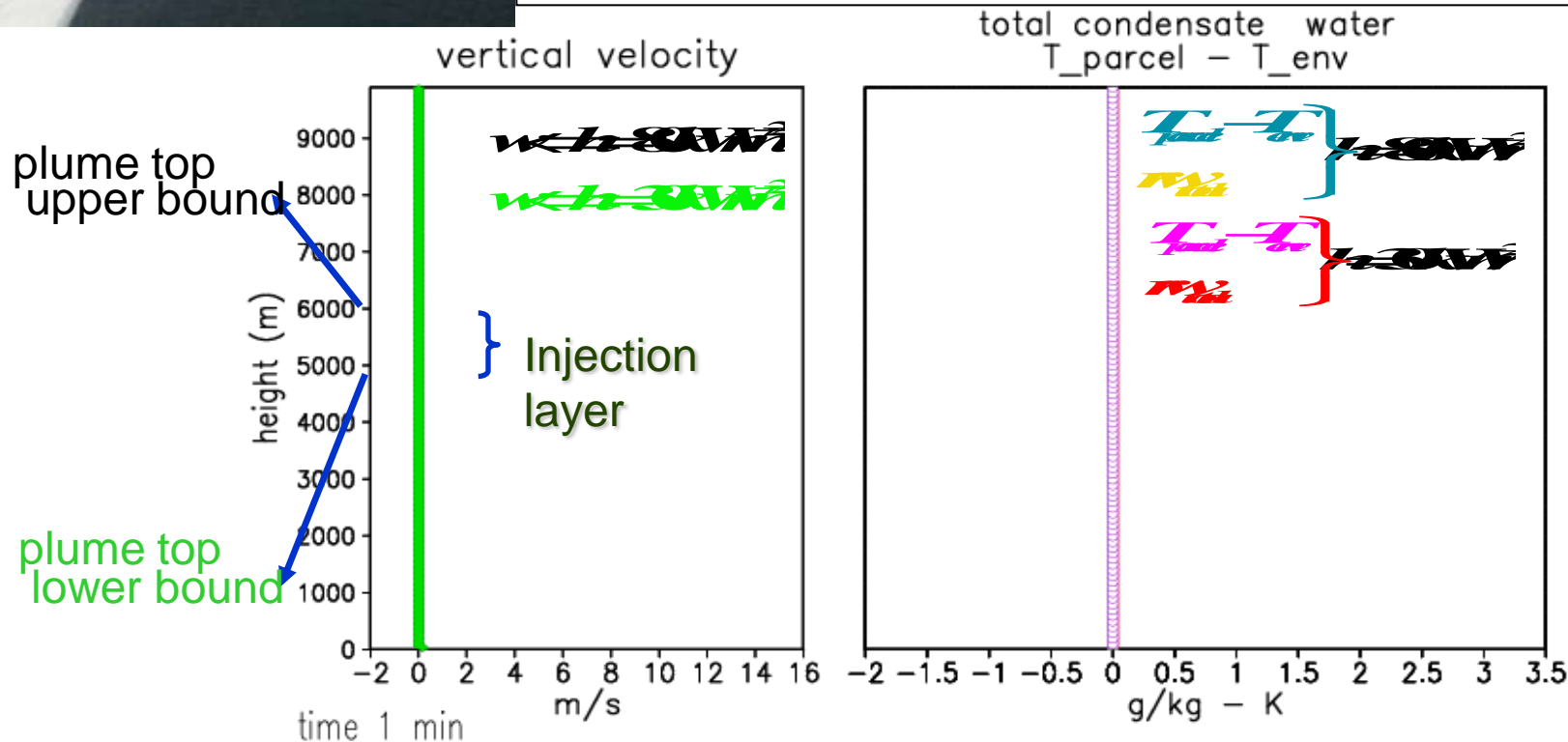
1D plume-rise model for vegetation fires

Biome: Forest

Time duration: 50 mn

Fire size: 20 ha

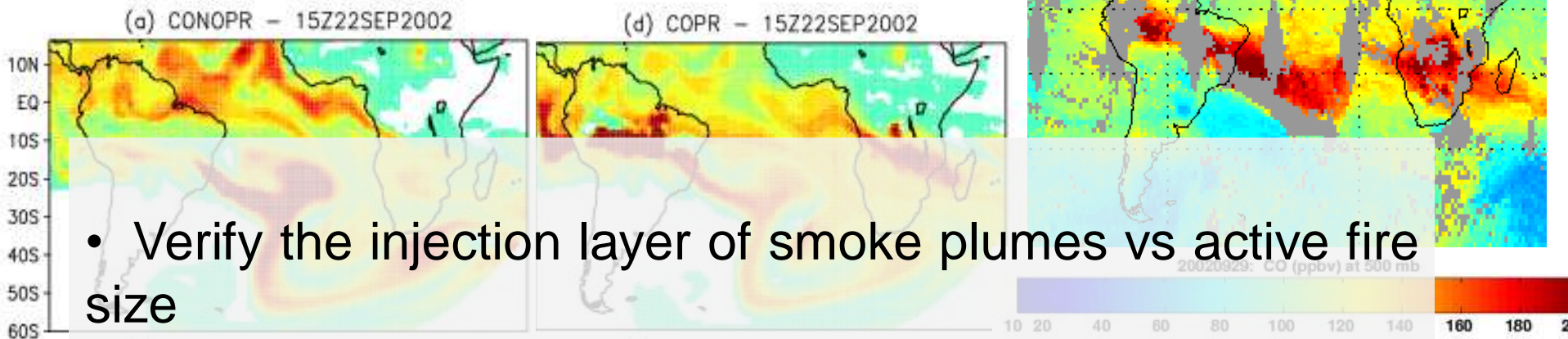
Heat flux: 80 kWm^{-2} / 30 kWm^{-2}





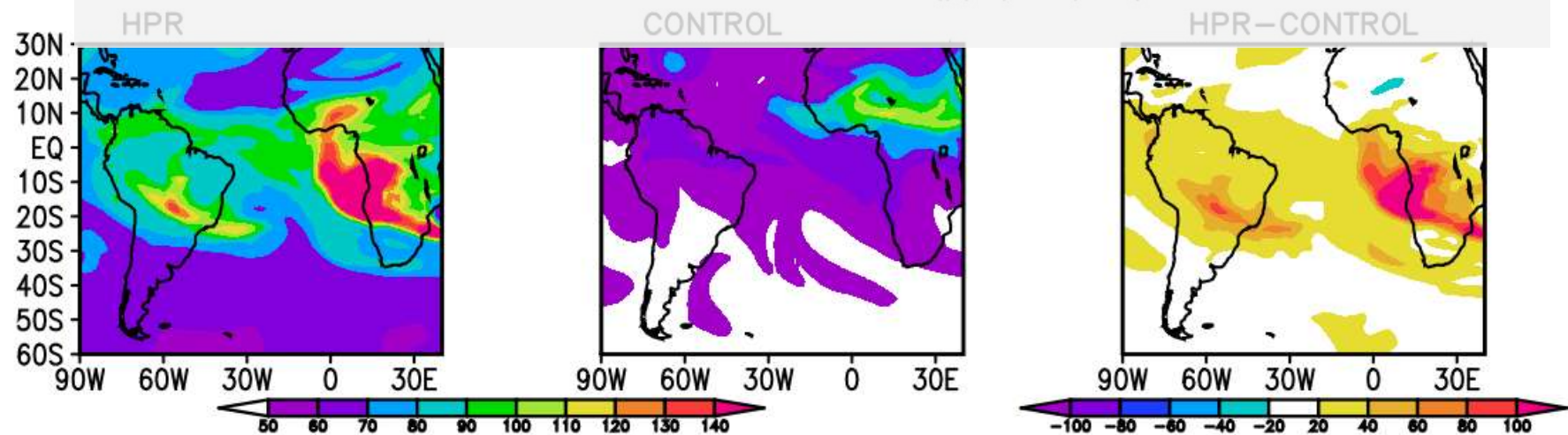
Model x AIRS

CCATT-BRAMS

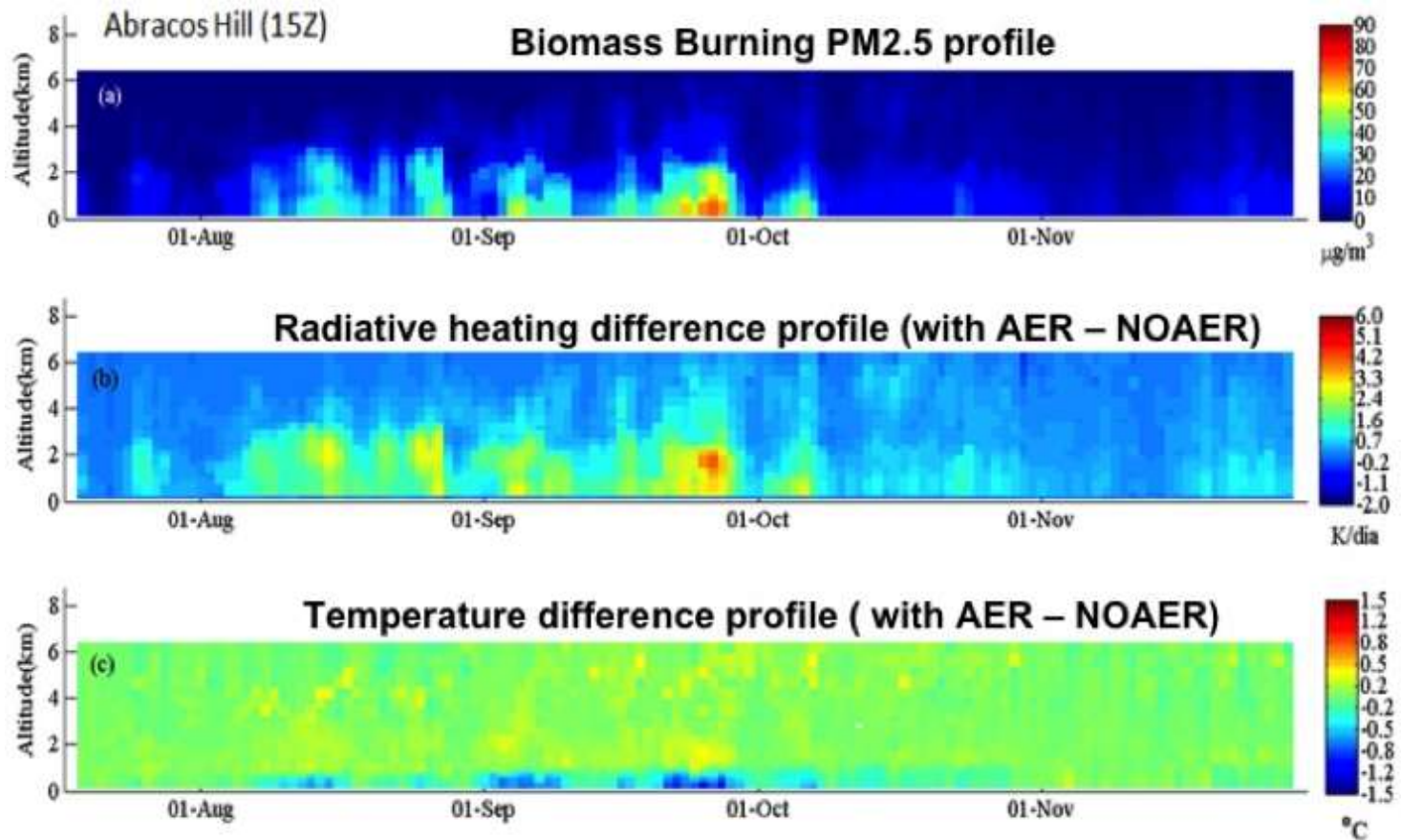


HadGEM2-INPE

CO concentration at 5780 m (ppb) 25/09/2002



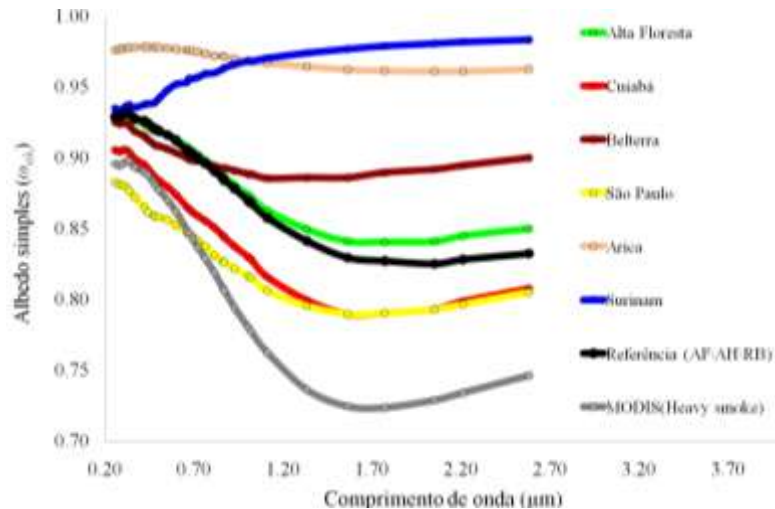
Semi-direct radiative effect



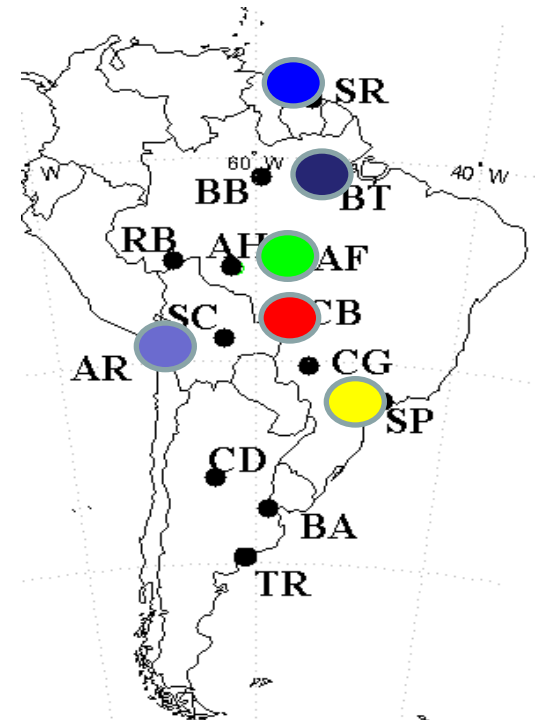


Aerosol optical properties in SA

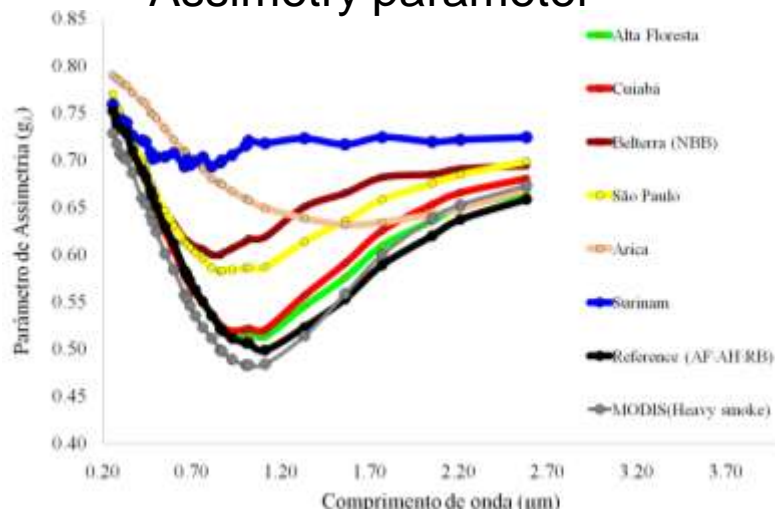
Single scattering albedo



AERONET sites



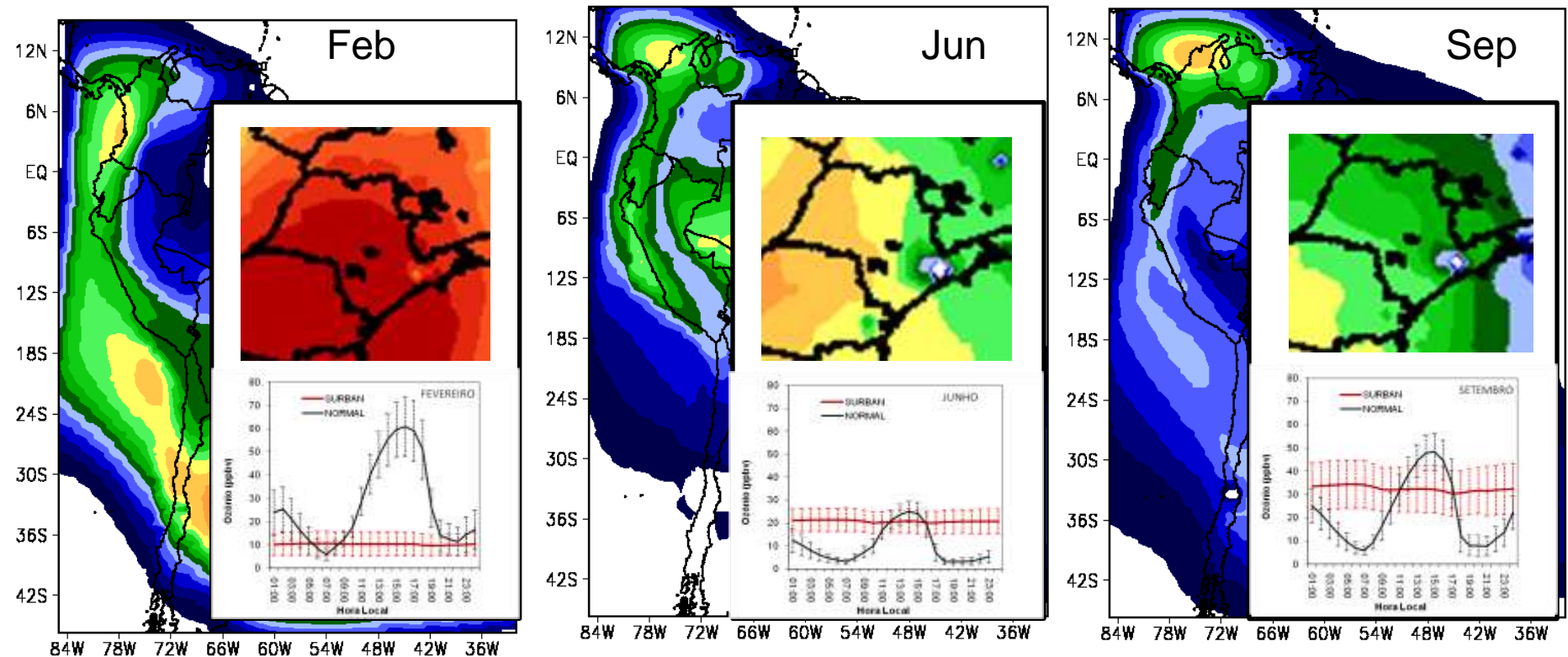
Assimetry parameter



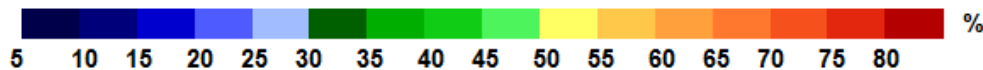
PhD thesis: Rosário, N. E. , USP), 2011.



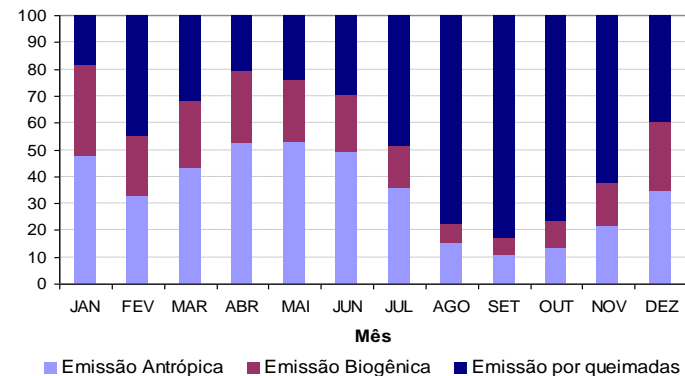
Chemical weather forecasting for South America: relative impact of urban emissions in the local and regional scales



Relative contribution of urban emission for the ozone near surface level (2 km).



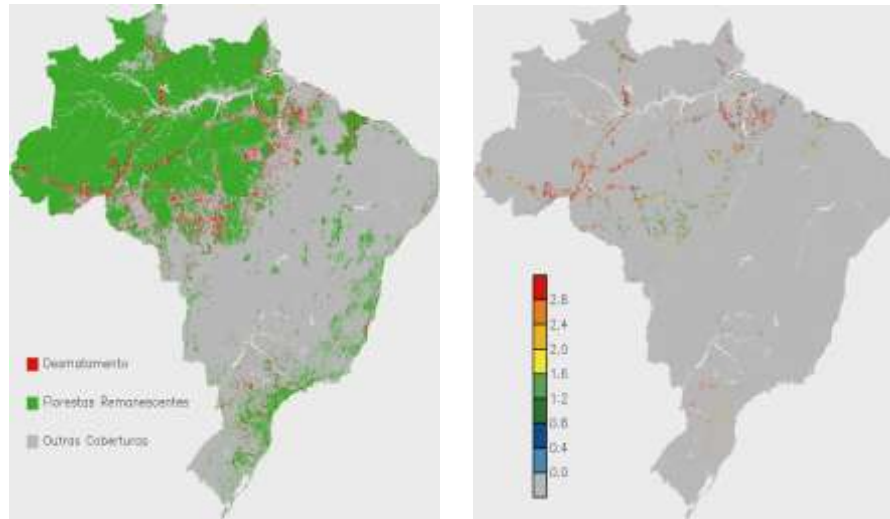
Porcentagem de contribuição das fontes nas emissões de CO na América do Sul.



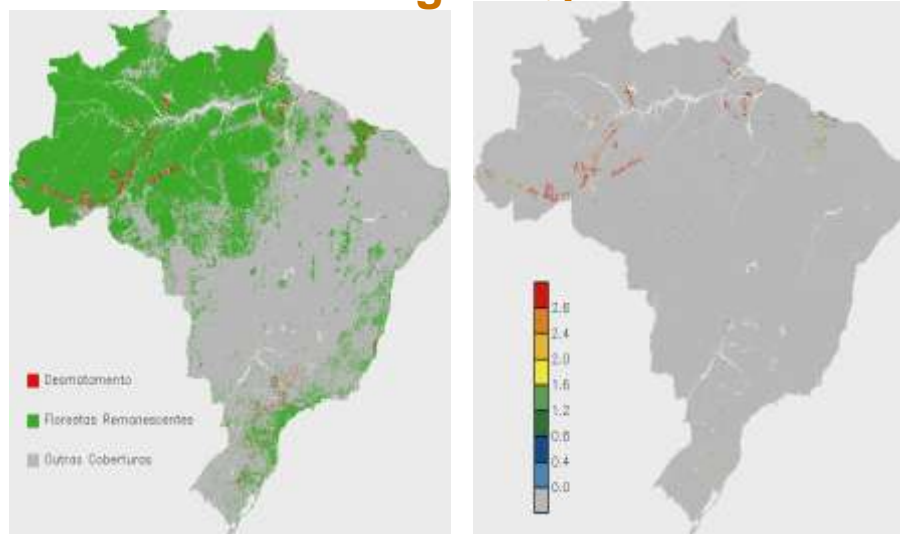
PhD thesis: Alonso, M. F. , INPE), 2011.

Spatial Emission Distribution

Control Scenario: business as usual



Low Carbon Scenario: good governance



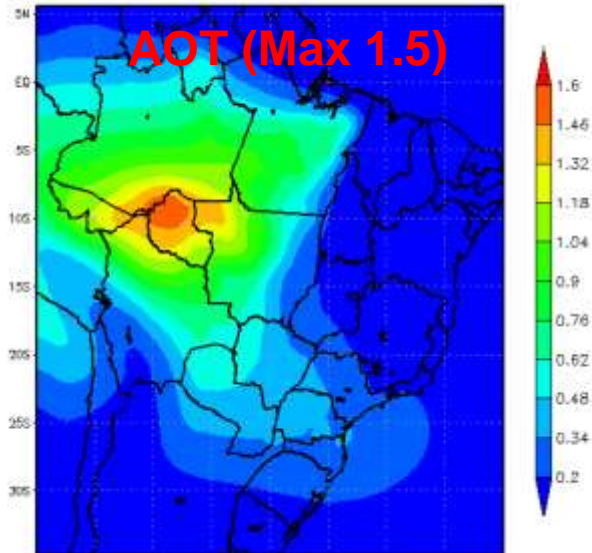
Deforestation 2007-
2030

Emission [ton/(ha year)]
2007-2030



Impacts : reference x low carbon scenarios (Months: AUG-SEP-OCT)

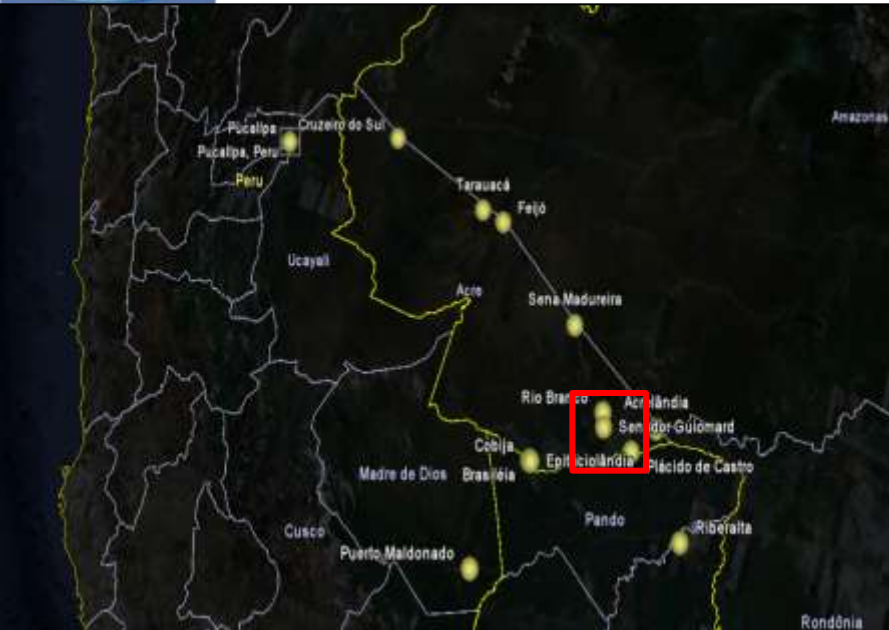
Diferença AOT 500 nm AGO-SET-OUT 2007-2030



Difere



Acre



Population → 733.559 hab

Total area → 164.122 km²

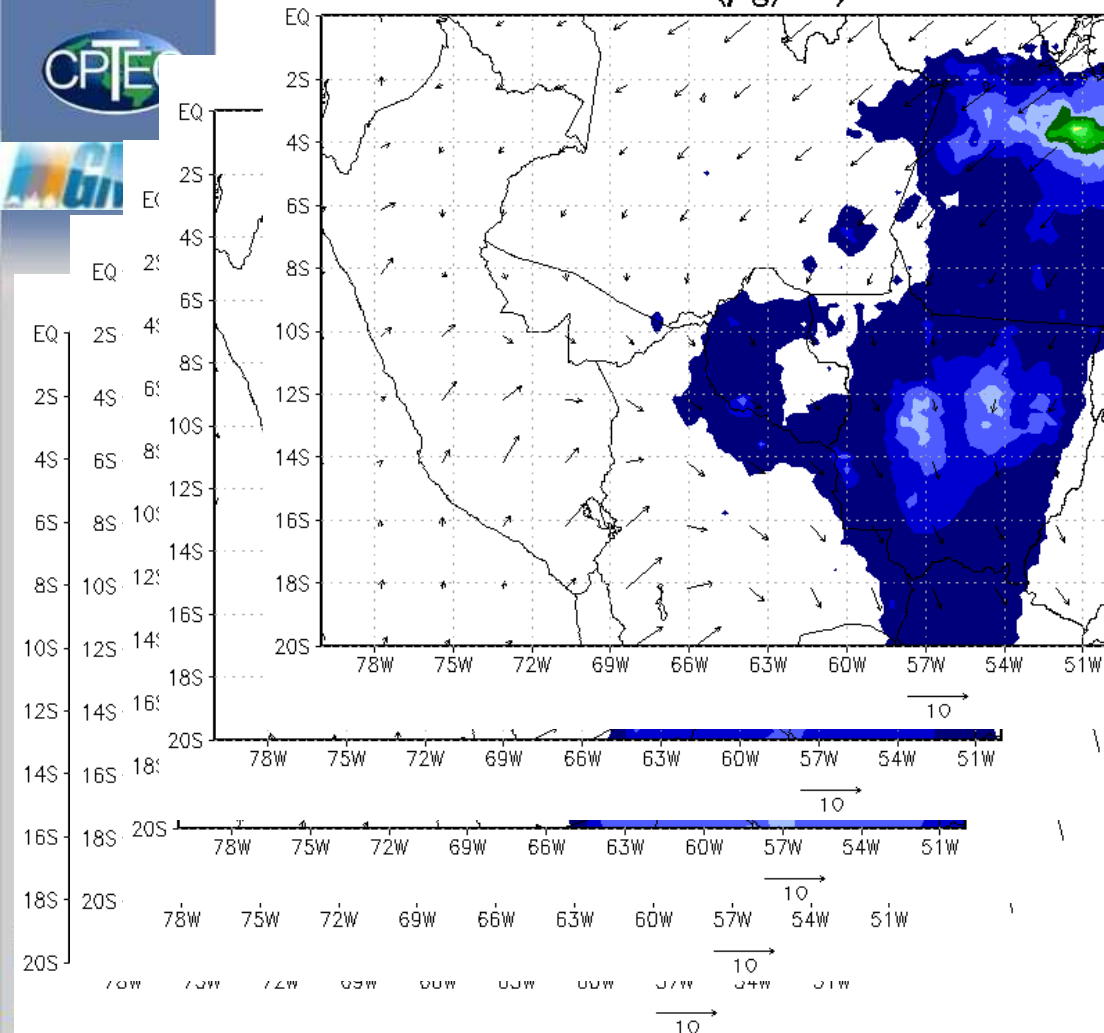
Density → 4,5 hab/km²



Concentração média mensal de MP_{2.5} μm para o ano de 2005



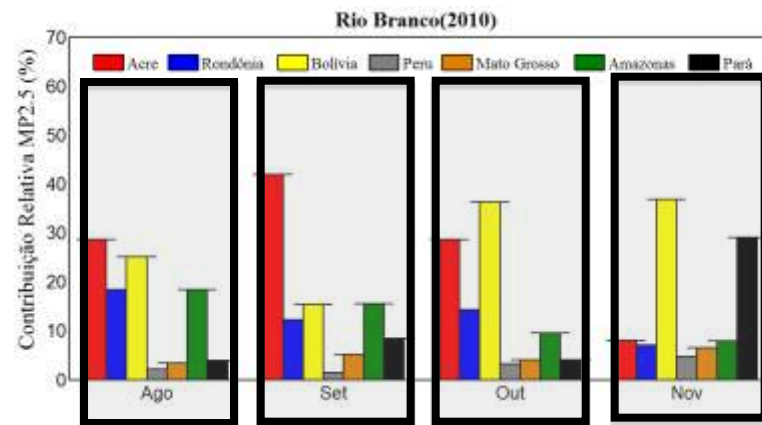
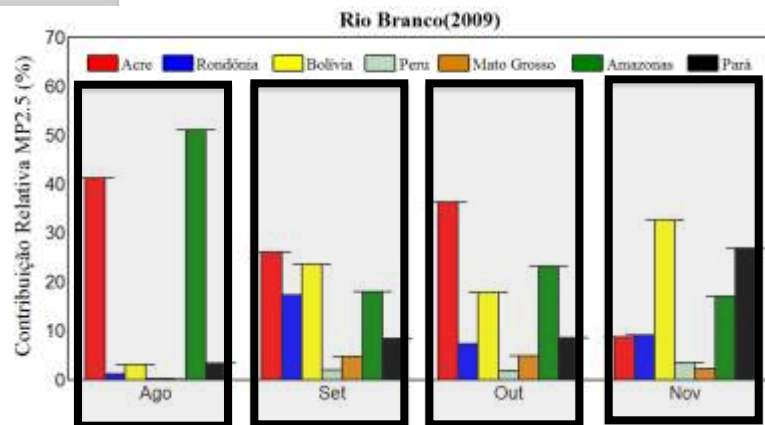
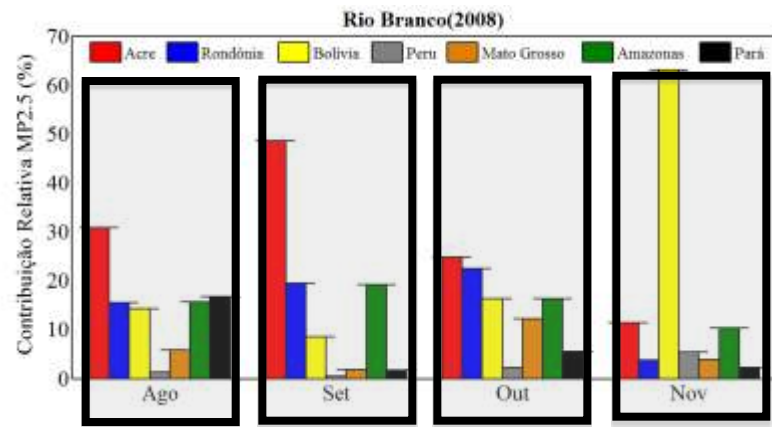
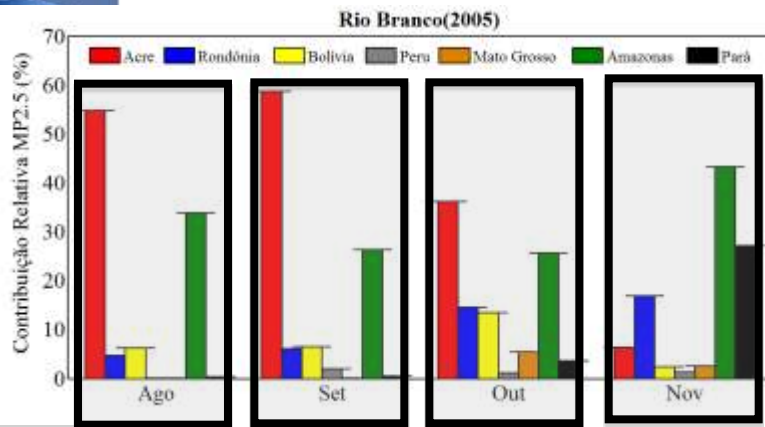
MP 2.5 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)



NOVEMBR

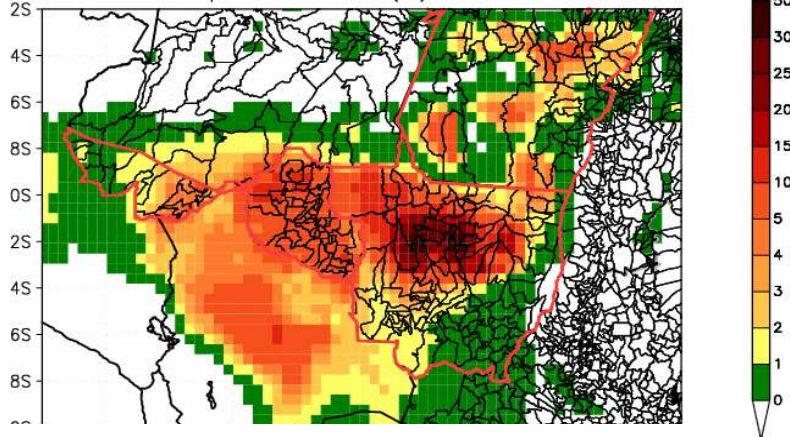
JULHO

Smoke contribution in Rio Branco

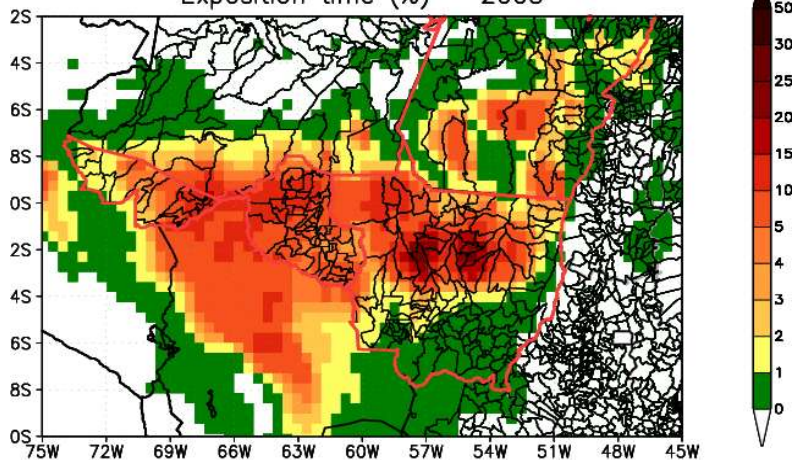


Qualidade do ar e saúde pública

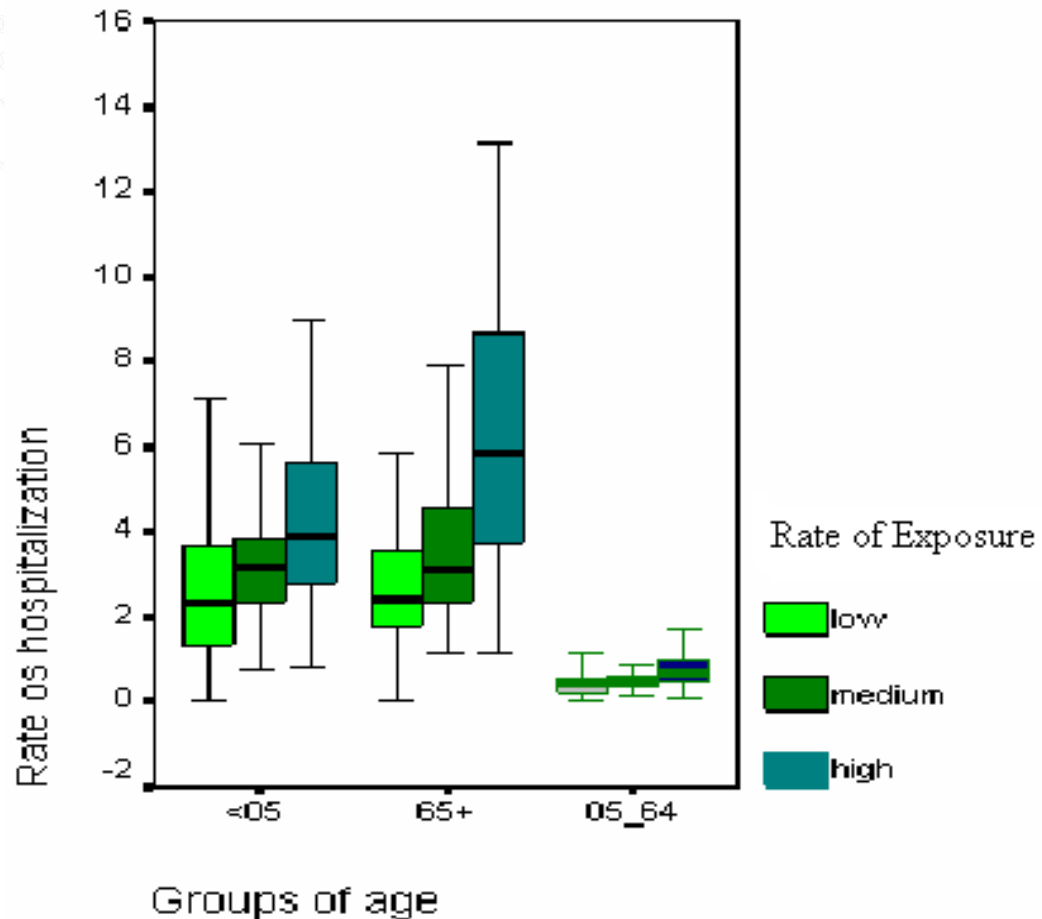
Tempo de exposição (%) $80 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
2004
Exposition time (%) – 2004



Tempo de exposição (%) $80 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
2005
Exposition time (%) – 2005



Amazônia Legal e
distribuição de queimadas



Ongoing thesis work

- Coupling JULES model (soil/vegetation/carbon/VOC) to CCATT-BRAMS
Demerval Moreira PhD at INPE, with Saulo Freitas
- Aerosol indirect effect on cloud microphysics and cumulus convection
Ricardo Almeida, PhD at INPE, with Saulo Freitas and Karla Longo
- Nitrogen budget over South America: organic fraction of Nr
Madeleine Gácita (PhD at INPE, with Karla Longo)
- Biogenic emission in South America: oxidative capacity of the Amazonian atmosphere
Fernando Cavalcante (PhD at INPE, with Karla Longo and Alex Guenther)
- Chemistry associated with convective clouds
Megan Bela (PhD at University of Colorado, with Mary Barth and Brian Toon)



Ongoing work

- Implementation of MATRIX in CCATT-BRAMS
Karla Longo, Nilton Rosário, Luiz Flávio Rodrigues and Saulo Freitas
- New cumulus scheme for nearly cloud resolving resolutions (G3d)
Saulo Freitas and Georg Grell)
- Implementation of the radiation scheme from UK-MO in CCATT-BRAMS
Nilton Rosário, Karla Longo, Luiz Flávio Rodrigues and Saulo Freitas



Prescribed fires – FAPESP project (João Andrade)



Google earth

quilômetros 800
km 1000

